

Water Security for Africa's Development in light of Climate Change

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Africa Climate Resilience Infrastructure Summit

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Water Security for Africa's Development in light of Climate Change

- I | Bank in Building Climate Resilience Water
- II | Sample AfDB's Climate Resilient Projects
- III | Projects with Climate-related Financing

IV | Key Messages





Climate Change/Variation: Impact on Water-Africa

- ☐ Most impacts of climate change appear in water-related phenomena: droughts, floods and sea level rise
- ☐ Climate change will add extra burden to the existing water challenges Africa is already facing
- ☐ Africa is likely to be **significantly affected** by climate change due to its **low adaptive capacity**





Climate Resilience Water Infrastructure: Soft

Catalyzing Infrastructure Investment

- ☐ Preparation: Data, information and knowledge, ready to finance projects
- ☐ Capacity development:
- ☐ Institutional strengthening: Efficient & effective delivery

Readiness of Water Resources Management

- Develop strategies and action plans
 -based on good understanding of CC
- □ Regional cooperation: greatest opportunity for analyzing and understanding the problems and designing strategies

Secure Infrastructure Sustainability



Climate Resilience Water Infrastructure: Hard

Investments in Infrastructure Development

☐ Insufficient infrastructure -water insecurity.

Mobilising financial resources

- ☐ Innovative financing mechanisms
- ☐ Increase financing envelop

Promote Multi-Purpose Infrastructure

□ Prioritise MPI development

Maximise Financing Potential





Water Resources Information Management (example)

Niger Basin HYCOS Project: Niger Basin Authority (Benin, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, Chad, Cote d'Ivoire, Guninea, Mali, Niger and Nigeria)

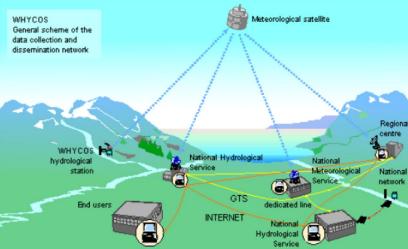
Objective

Promote effective management of the water resources in the Niger Basin through quality hydrological data and information

Outputs

- Modernization of water information system;
- Strengthening the national hydrological services;
- Capacity building of the Niger Basin Authority; and
- Strengthening the hydrological forecast services











Water Resources Management (examples)

<u>Detailed Plan of the Songwe River Basin Development</u> <u>Programme: Malawi and Tanzania</u>

Objective

Create a conducive environment for TWRM in the Songwe River Basin

Outputs

- Preparation of Shared Vision for 2050;
- ➤ Feasibility studies and detailed plans for investment projects including multi purpose dams, and flood control works; and
- Establishment and capacity development of river basin commission.







Water Resources Management (examples)

Agriculture water management: Improved agricultural and land management practices to strengthen productivity and resilience

- Improving control and management of on-farm water resources (Botswana)
- Watershed protection (Kenya)
- ➤ Piloting more productive agriculture water technologies, such as rainwater harvesting for multiple purposes (Djibouti, Rwanda).
- ➤ Helping small-scale farmers adapt to climate change and ensure sustained agricultural-based livelihoods (Zambia, South Africa)







Infrastructure Development

Enhancing water storage capacity:

➤ Thwake multi-purpose water resources development (Kenya), Mahe water augmentation (Seychelles), small scale water storage in rural areas etc.

Urban water management:

- Upgrading urban drainage to cope with severe/frequent floods (Yaounde, Nakuru, Harar)
- Wastewater treatment for reuse (Tunisia)

Water Supply and Sanitation:

> Provision and protection of water for human, agriculture and ecosystem







Projects: Climate Related Finance

Uaanda WSSP

- ➤ Building resilience to CC in flood-prone areas
- ➤ Ensuring climate-resilient sanitation in flood-prone peri-urban areas
- > Ensuring access to water for production in drought-prone areas
- ➤ KM and M&E

LDCF: USD 8.37 m (GEF CEO endorsed)

Cameroon PADY-II

- Strengthening institutional capacity to improve long term urban resilience to flood risks
- > Improve readiness and adaptive capacity of the local communities
- Climate resilient interventions for flood control
- > KM and M&E

SCCF: USD 7.032 m (GEF CEO endorsed)

Mauritania PNISER

- Capacity building for sustainable management of natural resource
- Reducing vulnerability to CC of rural water infrastructures and activities
- ➤ Diversify and strengthening livelihoods and source of incomes of the rural and agro-pastoral population
- > KM and M&E

LDCF: USD 6.35 m (GEF CEO endorsed)

Sierra Leone RWSS

- Climate-resilient water supply and sanitation
- ➤ Building institutional framework for climate-resilient management of the sector
- ➤ Awareness on climate-resilient WASH practices
- Establishing collaborative research and monitoring
- KM and M&E

LDCF: USD 4.00 m (PIF cleared)

Zambia Transforming Rural Livelihoods –NRWSSP-II

- ➤ Groundwater Monitoring System for Climate Resilient Water Management
- ➤ Guideline for Sustainable Groundwater Extraction Technology
- Community Capacity Development on Multi-purpose Use of Groundwater

NDF: EUR 2.25 m (approved by NDF's board)

<u>Central Africa</u> Sub-program for WSS in Bangui and Four Prefectures

- Capacity development to facilitate integration of climate risks in WS and WRM
- Reduced vulnerability to climate change in the provision of drinking water supply
- > KM and M&E

LDCF: USD 7.14 m (PIF cleared)



KEY MESSAGES

- Strong national institutions a prerequisite: benefit from emerging opportunities.
- > Quality information, skills & technology: efficient investment decision
- > Long-term public finance
- > Need for additional resources targeting Africa:
- CC is an opportunity for the water sector: Improved efficiency & effectiveness.
- > AfDB's Water Operations mainstreaming CC: Stronger partnership

Stronger Infrastructure Base: For Adaptation & Water Security

Thank you Merci

