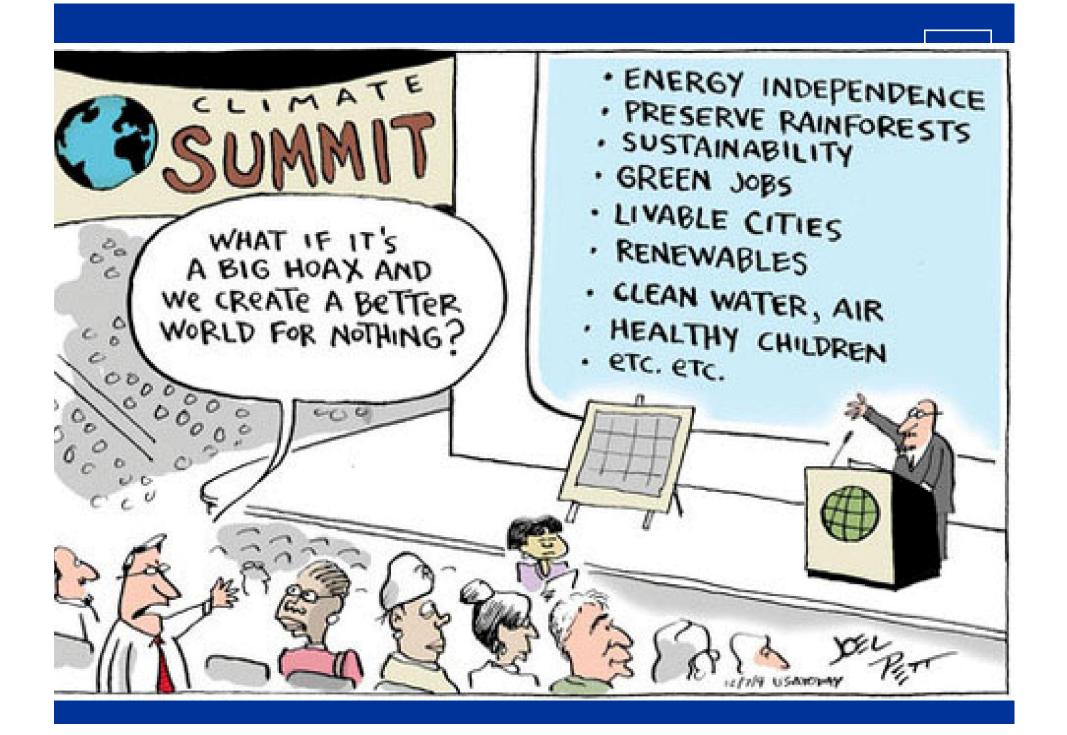
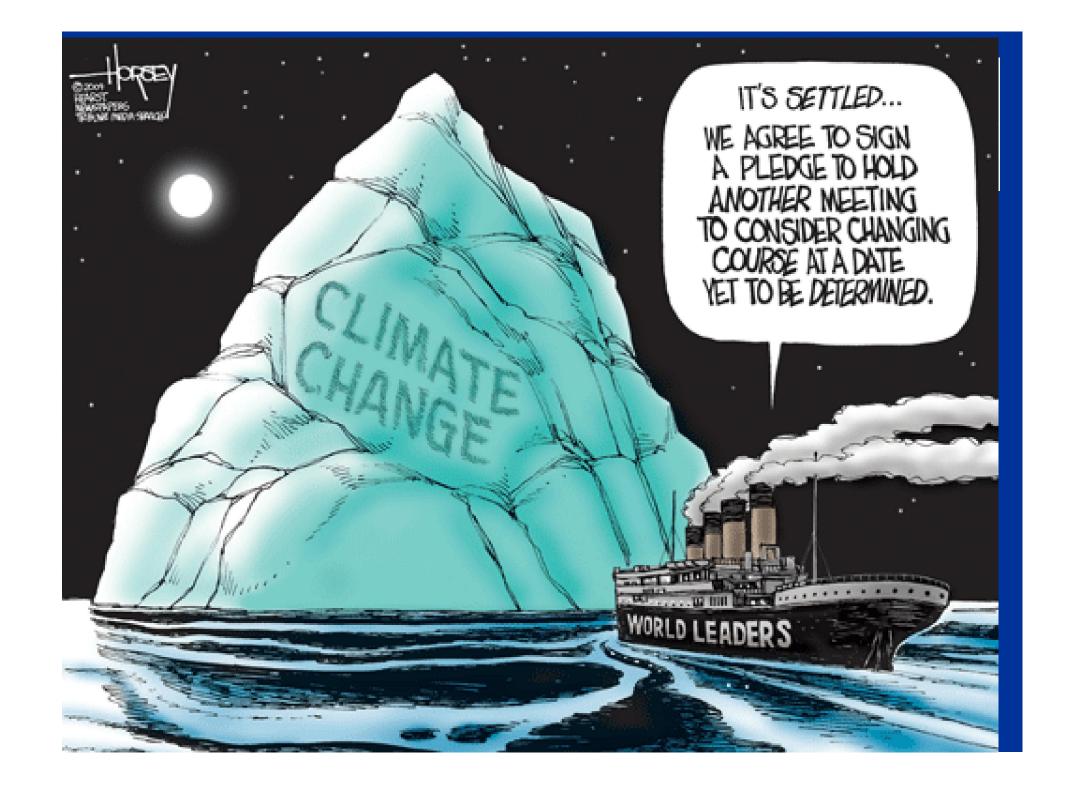


STRENGTHENING CLIMATE INFORMATION AND EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS FOR CLIMATE RESILIENT DEVELOPMENT AND ADAPTATION TO CLIMATE CHANGE



Benjamin Larroquette Regional Technical Advisor-Adaptation UNDP-GEF





The United Nations Development Programme



We are on the ground in 177 countries and territories worldwide: we understand the local context



We provide expertise on adaptation, with a project portfolio in excess of \$ 2 billion (including \$750 million + in grants)



3

Integrated **Strategies**







Resilient Livelihood Climate Information

& Early Warning



Resilient Energy & Infrastructure

We provide climate change mitigation expertise, 2 with a \$4 billion project portfolio in sustainable energy





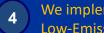
Energy efficiency and conservation:

Sustainable transport systems:

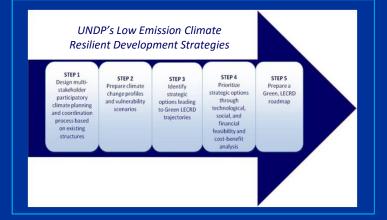
\$260m + \$900m in co-financing*

\$265m + \$1.2bn \$85m + \$820m in co-financing

in co-financing



We implement a detailed approach for developing Low-Emission, Climate-Resilient Strategies



* Project portfolio amounts relate to the period 1992-2014

Resilient Water

Management

Key Challenges



- <u>National capacities are required</u> to navigate complex landscape and allow countries to access different forms of relevant finance and deliver integrated development benefits
- **Funding mechanisms not widely established** to deliver integrated CCA and CCM benefits; focus on one or another
- Need to catalyze private finance: public finance alone is insufficient to meet demands of climate challenge, must catalyze greater volumes of private finance
- Limited alignment between climate and development: to drive economy-wide transformation, and to mainstream climate expenditures into planning and development policy

UNDP Programming Portfolio: UNDP-GEF Signature Programmes

Climate Information & Early Warning Systems

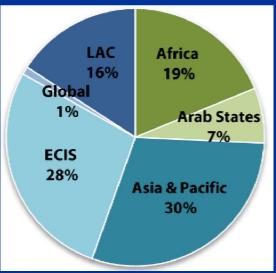
Supporting the development/strengthening of Climate Information and Early Warning Systems for countries respond to both short-term/rapid onset climatic hazards, as well as long-term/slow onset change



- Rapid transfer and deployment of weather, climate observation and prediction technology
- Strengthen human and financial systems
- Improve the way information is used for planning, including risk knowledge, monitoring and predicting, disseminating information and

responding to warnings

<u>Status of UNDP Support</u> (by end 2014): Countries: 36 Number of Initiatives: 38 Source of Funding: LDCF/SCCF/Adaptation Fund BMU, AusAID, Governments Grants : USD 148 million Total value of investments: USD 546 million



Strengthening Climate Information and Early Warning Systems in Africa Without appropriate climate information (type, frequency) managing, planning and coordinating adaptation to climate change is challenging.



Two components:

- Transfer of technologies for climate and environmental monitoring
- Climate information integrated into development plans and early warning systems

Long-term expected Goal:

To contribute towards all national and sub-national efforts to strengthen resilience



Existing UNDP Tools and Guidance in English – some available in French, Spanish, Russian

http://climatefinanceoptions.org/cfo/index.php





Ρ

http://www.undp.org/climatestrategies



Thank you